

Two forms of ID:

Adult family members, including children over age 18, must have two forms of ID. The names on the two forms of ID MUST MATCH EXACTLY. For example, women who have their maiden name on their drivers license and middle initial on their dependent ID card must use an alternate form of ID listed below which shows their middle initial.

Primary Identity Source Document

- U.S. Passport or a U.S. Passport Card
- Permanent resident card or an Alien Registration Receipt Card (Form I-551)
- Foreign passport
- Employment authorization document that contains a photograph (Form I-766)
- Driver's license or an ID card issued by a state or possession of the US, containing a photograph
- U.S. military ID card or U.S. Military dependent's ID card
- Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card

Secondary Identity Source Document

- U.S. Social Security Card issued by the SSA
- Original or certified copy of a birth certificate issued by a state, county, municipal authority, possession, or outlying possession of the U.S. bearing an official seal
- ID card issued by a federal, state, or local govt agency/entity, containing a photograph
- Voter's registration card
- U.S. Coast Guard merchant Mariner Card
- Certificate of U.S. citizenship (N-560/N-561) or Certificate of Naturalization (N-550/N-570)
- U.S. Citizen ID card (Form I-197)
- Identification Card of use of resident citizen in the U.S. (Form I-179)
- Certification of Birth Aboard or Certification or report of birth issued by the Department of State (Form FS-545 or Form DS-1350)
- Temporary Resident Card (Form I-688)
- Employment Authorization Card (Form I-688A)
- Reentry Permit (Form I-327)
- Refugee Travel Document (Form I-571)
- Employment authorization document issued by Department of Homeland Security
- Employment authorization document issued by DHS with photograph (Form I-688B)
- Foreign ID with photograph
- Driver's license issued by a Canadian government entity
- Native American tribal document